

Ascoval Saint-Saulve

Corporate Presentation Equipment

Saint-Saulve, January 2020

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State-of-the-art Assets

- The plant consists of :
 - 90 t / 115 MVA SMS Concast Electric Arc Furnace
 - 15 MVA Ladle Furnace
 - Vacuum Oxygen Degassing unit (VOD) twin tanks
 - 4 strands caster Danieli bow type ; 12 m radius
 - Forging shop GFM with heat treatment (including variable diameters for axels)
- The plant produces continuous cast rounds bars ("CCR") in various diameters (from Ø180 to Ø325 mm) in carbon and alloy steel (up to 13% Cr). It also produces forged products (from Ø110 to Ø250 mm).
- The plant is connected to railway network and Escaut river.
- The plant has all necessary ancillary equipment (from scrap yard to logistics) to be totally autonomous in its operations.
- The equipment is in excellent condition ; 150 m€ have been invested in the last 15 years.
- One of the most modern steel shop equipment in Europe.



Plant map and overview





Ascoval Saint-Saulve

Main figures

- 400 existing grades, possibility to design very specific grades to meet customer needs
- ENS (mix of steel grades in sequence) and Flying Tundish (on main diameters) capabilities. Capacity depends on the sequence ratio
- At current mix (seq. ratio @ 3.0) : 275 kt/yr at 3 shifts
- Evolution function of number shifts, progress plan, and sequence ratio (up to 4,5)

400 - 435 kt/yr at 4 shifts

450 - 600 kt/yr at 5 shifts

- Forging capacity at 60 80 kt/yr
- 266 employees (31/12/2019)
- 245.000 m² 61.000 m² covered
- Very short leadtime : from 1 to 2 weeks
- Claims : 0,7%



Production Route – Scrap Yard







Objectives :

Supply the EAF in scrap adapted to the grade to produce

Scrap yards :

- > 13.000 m², 80.000 tons
- Origin = automotive industry, scrap collecting, recycling Vallourec and Ascometal, etc...

Supplies :

- 70 % by trucks (50 to 80 / day)
- 25 % by barges (5 / week)
- 5 % by train

Receiving controls

Quality and radioactivity

Loading 50 buckets per day

- Radio connection with the EAF
- Loading scrap metal adapted to each grade





Production Route – EAF

- Mastering fillings to prepare the final metallurgical analysis
- Melt the scrap and bring the temperature to 1,680° C
 - Electrical power : 115 MVA 930 V 55 000 A
 - 3 jets for injection of oxygen, gas and coal
 - Shell diameter : 5,90 m
 - 3 electrodes Ø 600 mm (24")
 - Water cooled walls and roof (1 500 m³ / h)
 - Production capacity : 23 casts per day (2 000 tons / day)







Production Route – Ladle furnace

- Adjust steel analysis to meet customer's needs
- Adjust delivery temperature for continuous casting
 - Mineral and metal additions, in bulk by hoppers or by injection of cored wire
 - Argon & Nitrogen bubbling
 - Power 15 MVA
 - 3 electrodes Ø 350 mm (14 '')





Production Route – VOD





Objectives :

Vacuum decarburizing for high alloy steels

Degassing under vacuum for specific steels (low nitrogen and low hydrogen)

- Cleanliness
 - Deep vacuum (1mbar in 6 min) on 2 tanks
 - Steam generator (12 bars) + 2 vacuum pumps
 - Gas analysis by spectrography
 - Cored wire injection



Production Route – Continuous Caster

- Solidify liquid steel into round bars
 - Turret with 2 positions
 - 4 lines fed via a tundish
 - 4 water-cooled copper molds (lg 780 mm)
 - > The bars are straightened and cut to length by oxy-gaz torches
 - > Tundish Sequence from 1 to 12 heats
 - 6 diameters changes per week
 - About 100 grades per month
 - Ø bars = 180, 200, 220, 250, 260, 270, 280, 310, 325 mm
 - Max. length = 12,4 m
 - Metallurgical height = 32 m
 - Radius of the curve = 12 m
 - Extraction speed from 0.65 to 2.6 m/min
 - Capacity of 100 to 125 tons/h according to the diameter and the grade







Production Route – The Bar Hall



- Cutting bars to customer length
- Marking for traceability
- Natural cooling of bars and straightness
- Visual inspection
- Packaging and shipping
 - > 80m cooling bed (900° C to 150° C in 8 hours)
 - Traceability by punching and labeling
 - 1000 tons of outstanding
 - Capacity 15 wagons
 - 2 electromagnet cranes



Production Route – Forge

Objectives :

□ Reduce the section of the bar by forging to improve the internal quality of the bars (10% of the booklet)

Obtain small diameters not produced at CCC

- Reheating furnace : 1 250° C
- Forge with 4 hammers, nominal power : 1200 tons
- > 250 rpm
- Current notebook Reduction
 - \rightarrow Ø 270 → 220 or 180
 - \rightarrow Ø 250 or 220 or 180 → 140
- Technical feasibility from Ø 110 to Ø 250 in final diameter
- Heat treatment if necessary







