

# **Corporate Presentation – Equipment**

Saint-Saulve, February, 11th 2019

## State-of-the-art Assets

- The plant consists of :
  - 90 t / 115 MVA SMS Concast Electric Arc Furnace
  - 15 MVA Ladle Furnace
  - Vacuum Oxygen Degassing unit (VOD) twin tanks
  - 4 strands caster Danieli bow type ; 12 m radius
  - Forging shop GFM with heat treatment (including variable diameters for axels)
- The plant produces continuous cast rounds bars ("RCC") in various diameters (from Ø180 to Ø325 mm) in carbon and alloy steel (up to 13% Cr). It also produces forged products (from Ø110 to Ø250 mm).
- The plant is connected to railway network and Escaut river.
- The plant has all necessary ancillary equipment (from scrap yard to logistics) to be totally autonomous in its operations.
- The equipment is in excellent condition; 150 m€ have been invested in the last 10 years.
- One of the most modern and state-of-the-art steel shop in Europe



## Plant map and overview





## Main figures

- 400 grades (too many !)
- ENS (mix of steel grades in sequence) and Flying Tundish (on main diameters) capabilities. Capacity depends on the sequence ratio
- At current mix (seq. ratio @ 3.0): 275 kt/yr at 3 shifts
- Evolution function of number shifts, progress plan, and sequence ratio (up to 4,5)

400 - 435 kt/yr at 4 shifts

450 - 600 kt/yr at 5 shifts

- Forging capacity at 60 80 kt/yr
- 281 employees (31/12/2018)
- 245.000 m<sup>2</sup> 61.000 m<sup>2</sup> covered
- Very short leadtime: from 1 to 2 weeks
- Less than 3 quality claim/year



## Production Route – Scrap Yard







#### **Objectives:**

Supply the EAF in scrap adapted to the grade to produce

#### Scrap yards:

- > 13.000 m<sup>2</sup>, 80.000 tons
- ➤ Origin = automotive industry, scrap collecting, recycling VALLOUREC & Asco, etc...

#### Supplies:

- 65 % by trucks (50 to 80 / day)
- > 30 % by barges (5 / week)
- > 5 % by train

#### **Receiving controls**

Quality and radioactivity

#### Loading 50 buckets per day

- Radio connection with the EAF
- Loading scrap metal adapted to each grade





## Production Route – EAF

- Mastering fillings to prepare the final metallurgical analysis
- Melt the scrap and bring the temperature to 1,680° C
  - Electrical power : 115 MVA 930 V 55 000 A
  - > 3 coherents jets for injection of oxygen, gas and coal
  - Diameter of the tank: 5,90 m
  - 3 electrodes Ø 600 mm (24")
  - Water cooled walls and roof (1 500 m³/h)
  - Production capacity: 23 casts per day ( 2 000 tons / day)

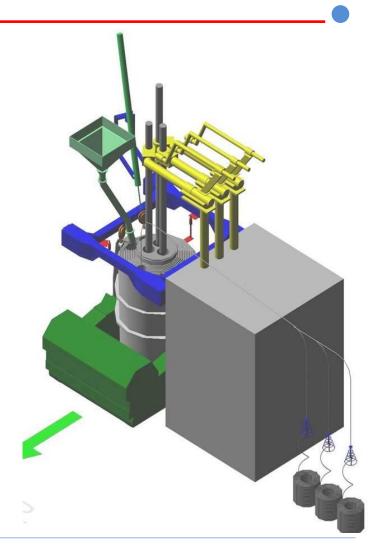






## Production Route – Ladle furnace

- Adjust steel analysis to meet customer's needs
- Adjust delivery temperature for continous casting
  - Mineral and metal additions, in bulk by hoppers or by injection of cored wire
  - Argon & Nitrogen Bubbling
  - power 15 MVA
  - 3 electrodes Ø 350 mm ( 14 ")





## Production Route - VOD





- Vacuum decarburize for high alloy steels
- Degassing under vacuum for specific steels (low nitrogen and low hydrogen)
- cleanelyness
  - Deep vacuum (1mbar in 6 min) on 2 tanks
  - Steam generator (12 bars) + 2 vacuum pumps
  - Gas analysis by spectrography
  - Cored wire injection



## Production Route – Continuous Caster

- Solidify liquid steel into round bars
  - > Turret with 2 positions
  - > 4 lines fed via a tundish
  - 4 water-cooled copper molds (lg 780 mm)
  - The bars are rectified and cutted to length by oxy-gaz torches
  - > Tundish Sequence from 1 to 12 heats
  - > 6 diameters changes per week
  - About 100 grades per month
  - $\triangleright$  Ø bars = 180, 220, 250, 270, 310 & 325 mm, max. length 12,4 m
  - Metallurgical height = 32 m
  - Radius of the curve = 12 m
  - Extraction speed from 0.65 to 2.6 m/min
  - Capacity of 100 to 125 tons/h according to the diameter and the grade







## Production Route – The Bar Hall







- Cutting bars to customer lenght
- Marking for traceability
- Natural cooling of bars and straightness
- Visual inspection
- Packaging and shipping
  - > 80m cooling bed (900° C to 150° C in 8 hours)
  - Traceability by punching and labelling
  - > 1000 tons of outstanding
  - Capacity 15 wagons
  - 2 electromagnet cranes



## Production Route – Forge

- ☐ Reduce the section of the bar by forging to improve the internal quality of the bars (10% of the booklet)
- Obtain small diameters not produced at CCC
  - Reheating furnace: 1 250° C
  - Forge with 4 hammers, nominal power: 1200 tons
  - > 250 rpm
  - Current notebook Reduction
    - $\triangleright$  Ø 270  $\rightarrow$  220 or 180
    - $\rightarrow$  Ø 250 or 220 or 180  $\rightarrow$  140
  - > Technical feasability from Ø 110 to Ø 250 in final diameter
  - ➤ Heat treatment if necessary







